

KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA SANGATHAN,
HYDERABAD REGION


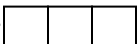
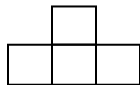
SCORING KEY FOR COMMON SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT - II

Class: VII

Sub: Mathematics

Q. No	Steps/Answers	Marks
1	(a)	1
2	(c)	1
3	(b)	1
4	(c)	1
5	(b)	1
6	(a)	1
7	(d)	1
8	(c)	1
9	Prime factorisation	1
	Writing $1000 = 2^3 \times 5^3$	1
10	40% of x = 500km.	$\frac{1}{2}$
	$x = \frac{500 \times 100}{40}$	1
	x = 1250 km.	$\frac{1}{2}$
11	For writing $\frac{-1}{8} \times \frac{4}{3}$	1
	Simplifying as $\frac{-1}{6}$	1
12	For drawing each figure with lines of symmetry -1mark	$1 \times 2 = 2$
13	For writing the formula and correct substitution	1
	For finding the answer as : $\frac{5000 \times 3 \times 10}{100} = 1500$	1
	[or]	
	For writing the formula and correct substitution	1
	For finding the answer as : $\frac{35}{350} \times 100 = 10\%$	1
14	For neat drawing	2
15	For writing PQ = PR and $\angle QPS = \angle RPS$	1
	For writing PS = PS (common)	1
	(ii) Yes, $\Delta PSQ \cong \Delta PSR$	1

Q. No	Steps/Answers	Marks
16	For writing formula $2(l + b) = \text{Perimeter}$ For correct substitution $2(35 + b) = 100$ & finding 'b' value as $b = 50 - 35 = 15 \text{ cm.}$	$\frac{1}{2}$ 1
	For writing formula $\text{Area} = (l \times b)$ For correct substitution & and finding area as $\text{Area} = 35 \times 15 = 525 \text{ cm}^2$	$\frac{1}{2}$ 1
17	For finding LCM as $7 \times 4 = 28$ For finding the equivalent rational numbers as $\frac{-12}{28}, \frac{-42}{28}, \frac{-21}{28}$	1 1
	$\frac{-42}{28} < \frac{-21}{28} < \frac{-12}{28}$	1
18	For writing the formula and correct substitution in πd or $2\pi r$	1
	For finding the circumference as $= 66 \text{ cm}$	1
	For finding the cost of fencing as $66 \times 4 = \text{Rs. } 264$	1
	[or] For writing the formula & substituting as $2(l + b) = 2 \times (120 + 80)$	1
For finding the perimeter as 400 m.	1	
For finding the distance as $400 \times 3 = 1200 \text{ m.}$	1	
19	For simplification as $2a^2 + ab$	1
	Correct substitution	1
	Finding Value as $2(5^2) + 5 \times 2 = 60$	1
20	$\frac{3^5 \times (2 \times 5)^5 \times 5^2}{5^7 \times (2 \times 3)^5}$	1
	$\frac{3^{\cancel{5}} \times 2^{\cancel{5}} \times 5^5 \times 5^2}{5^7 \times 2^{\cancel{5}} \times 3^{\cancel{5}}}$	1
	$\frac{5^{2+5}}{5^7} = 1$	1
21	Square – $4 - 90^0$	1
	Rectangle – $2 - 180^0$	1
	Equilateral Triangle – $3 - 60^0$	1

Q. No	Steps/Answers	Marks
22	Correct drawing of each view – 1 mark Side -  Top -  Front - 	3 x 1 = 3
23	In the given triangles, $\angle A = \angle F$ and $\angle B = \angle E$ Therefore $\angle C = \angle D$ $\angle B = \angle E$, side BC = side ED and $\angle C = \angle D$ by ASA criterion, $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle FED$.	1 2 1
24	Let the cost price be Rs.100 Profit % = 20, So, SP = 100 + 20 = Rs.120 If 120 is SP, CP = 100 So, SP = 480, CP = $(480/120) \times 100 = 400$ [Or] For finding the decrease as $25000 - 24500 = 500$ Decrease percent formula and correct substitution Finding the result as 2%	2 2 1 2 1
25	Area of the park = 45 m x 30 m = 1350 sq. m Length of the outer rectangle = $45 + 2(2.5) = 50$ m. Breadth = $30 + 2(2.5) = 35$ m. Area of the outer rectangle = $50 \times 35 = 1750$ sq.m. Area of the path = $1750 - 1350 = 400$ sq.m.	1 1 1 1
26	For finding correct sum of expressions as $(4 + 3x) + (5 - 4x + 2x^2) = 9 - x + 2x^2$ $(3x^2 - 5x) + (-x^2 + 2x + 5) = 2x^2 - 3x + 5$ For finding the difference as $4 + 2x$	1 ½ 1 ½ 1